Developing a Systems Approach to reaching Net Zero



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Recent Developments in Response to Net Zero Commitments

PM's Council for Science and

COUNCIL FOR

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Technology

Prime Minister's 10-point plan for a Green Industrial Revolution



Offshore Wind – 40GW, 2030

- Hydrogen 5GW production
- Nuclear AMRs/ SMRs
- Electric Vehicles
- Public Transport, cycle/walk
- Jet Zero & Greener Maritime
- Homes / Public Buildings
- Carbon Capture
- Nature 30k Hectares trees
- Innovation & Finance

Achieving Net Zero through a <u>whole systems approach:</u>

- Strengthened institutions, frameworks and leadership across Government
- Develop analytical capability, info & reporting to inform decisions
- Maximise use of technology, mobilise finance and international collaboration

Energy Systems Catapult – 2050 Scenario Analysis



- ~2-3x Elect. Gen. Capacity
- Nuclear / BE-CCS
- Renewables & Decentralise
- -ve emissions (DAC etc)
- Transport revolution
- Industry electrification
- Demand-side behaviours



Systems approaches to policymaking: national scale



Advice from the Prime Minister's Council on Science and Technology (CST):

"Achieving net zero carbon emissions through a whole systems approach"

- 1. Strengthen the institutions, governance frameworks and leadership structures needed across central government to galvanise action to achieve net zero.
 - i. Integrated multi-disciplinary analytical hub supporting all government decisions on climate
 - ii. Translate the net zero target into all areas of policy
 - iii. Stable leadership from the top of government

- 2. Develop the analytical capability, flow of information, and reporting needed to inform decision.
 - Ensure that the all government bodies are collecting the right data and passing the information to the analytical hub.
 - Publish carbon emissions assessments for all public sector policies, including major infrastructure projects or investments.

- 3. Maximise the contribution of technology, mobilise financial systems and galvanise international collaboration.
 - i. Mission-driven research and innovation
 - ii. A National Infrastructure Investment Bank
 - iii. International collaborations on trade, investment, finance, technology, capacity building and R&D.



Key Driver: The Energy Trilemma (and extensions....)



Scotland's Draft Energy Strategy



'Whole-system' view

- Economic modelling, informing view of Scotland's future energy supply and demand
- Integrated approach to heat, power and transport
- New 50% 'all energy' 2030 renewables target
- Renewed focus on <u>energy efficiency</u> and <u>energy demand reduction</u>



2050 energy transition

- Long-term plan, consistent with requirements of the Climate Change Plan
- Flexible to future changes in technology and patterns of energy use
- Managed transition of energy supply, post-nuclear



A smarter model of local energy provision

- Encouragement for new localised models of energy supply and use
- Enhanced role for local planning and local ownership
- New economic opportunities of energy storage and 'smart' energy solutions





HEAVENN: H2 Valley in the North Netherlands

HEAVENN: 30 partners from 7 EU countries

- Total project investment over €98 million
- EU project contribution €20 million
- H2 Valleys represents the next development stage towards a local H2 economy - linking individual projects and developing local H2 infrastructure.

North Netherlands Economy

- Energy Transition
- Economic Growth

This project has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking (JU) under grant agreement No 875090. This Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation programme, Hydrogen Europe and Hydrogen Europe Research.

- City Council declared climate and ecological emergency for the city in May 2019
- Partnership between local government, academia, organisations and business.
- First ambition is for the city to **become carbon neutral by 2030**, there are significant challenges around decarbonising heat and transport in particular.
- Net zero strategy is under development with support of the Energy Systems
 Catapult and Connected Places Catapult
- Thematic hubs ٠ Strathclyde chairs the Green Green **Private Sector** Infrastructure and Housing and Greening the Infrastructure and Green **Transport Hub** City Heating and Transport Recovery

- Climate Emergency Implementation Plan approved June 2021 includes 52 Action Areas, with Sustainable Glasgow cited 31 times across multiple action areas
- Green Economy Hub launched Sustainable Glasgow Charter Pledge June 2021 with all major businesses and organisations signing to collaborate
- Future power infrastructure workshop held May 2021 with SPEN (utility) and other key organisations focus on coordination and planning to accelerate electrification by anticipating new demand.
- Transport infrastructure focus across multiple authorities (city, regional and national) joining up and bridging across silos
- Exemplar infrastructure projects like Carbon Neutral Innovation District and climate adaptation with Climate Ready Clyde
- Convening and coordination role: Accelerating plans and highlighting challenging trade offs – net zero and just transition

Climate Neutral Innovation District

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CORE (Community Renewable Energy)

CORE aims to accelerate transition to the future 100% renewable climate positive energy system for power, heat and transport within the Cumnock area and be an exemplar to Scotland and the UK in making the transition to a low carbon society. **Funded by** <u>East Ayrshire Growth Deal (£17.5M UK Gov,</u> **£7.5M East Ayrshire Council) the partners (target >10x with leveraged spend**

CORE: Key Partners

CORE: Research, Innovation & Demonstration Centre

East Ayrshire Growth Deal: £24.5M National Energy Research Demonstrator

A Regional Community 'Living Lab' for Just Transition to Renewable Transport, Heat, Power

A Multi-Sector Integration Research and Innovation Project To Benefit Local Community and Economy

Proposed Operational Models – Self Sustaining Research Innovation Infrastructure to 2030 and beyond.

• EAC / Strathclyde / SPEN collaboration.

- Innovation Model for Industry / Research / Funder / ESC / EAC collaboration. ETP and PNDC engagement models for Industry Journeys and routes to funding. Alignments with UOS Departments / EAC and SPEN for synergistic leveraged funding opportunities.
- SPEN network transition with visibility and flexibility key. WESA/PNDC integration: datasets, field trials, deployments, wider adoption and impact assessments.
- Now working on Governance, Financial, Operational, Contractual Arrangements and Technical Specifications for Approvals and OBC submission Aug 21.
- Project start Jan 22, Growth Deal spend complete by Jun 2030. (joint opportunities already being pursued)